MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

March 31, 2010

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1.1 Date

This Management Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") of Canada Zinc Metals Corp. ("Canada Zinc" or the "Company") has been prepared by management as of May 31, 2010 and should be read in conjunction with the unaudited consolidated interim financial statements and related notes thereto of the Company for the nine months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009 and with the audited consolidated financial statements and related notes thereto of the Company, as at and for the years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, which were prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles.

The Company is presently a "Venture Issuer", as defined in NI 51-102.

This MD&A may contain "forward-looking statements" which reflect the Company's current expectations regarding the future results of operations, performance and achievements of the issuer, including potential business or mineral property acquisitions and negotiation and closing of future financings. The issuer has tried, wherever possible, to identify these forward-looking statements by, among other things, using words such as "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "expect" and similar expressions. The statements reflect the current beliefs of the management of the Company, and are based on currently available information. Accordingly, these statements are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, which could cause the actual results, performance, or achievements of the Issuer to differ materially from those expressed in, or implied by, these statements.

The Company undertakes no obligation to publicly update or review the forward-looking statements whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Historical results of operations and trends that may be inferred from the following discussions and analysis may not necessarily indicate future results from operations.

1.2 Over-all Performance

The Company was incorporated under the laws of the Province of British Columbia on February 10, 1988. The Company operates in one business segment, that being the exploration and development of mineral properties in Canada.

To date, the Company has not generated significant revenues from operations or recorded any cost of sales and as a result is considered to be in the development stage. The underlying value of the mineral properties and related deferred costs are entirely dependent on the existence of economically recoverable reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain the necessary financing to complete the development, and upon future profitable production.

Effective October 18, 2005, the Company's common shares commenced trading on the Frankfurt Stock Exchange under the trading symbol, WKN A0RAQJ, M9R.

During fiscal 2006, the Company graduated to Tier 1 of the TSX Venture Exchange ("TSXV").

Effective September 26, 2008, the Company changed its name from Mantle Resources Inc. to Canada Zinc Metals Corp. and commenced trading under its new name and symbol "CZX". There was no consolidation of share capital.

As at the date hereof, the Company has mining interests in properties located in British Columbia and the Northwest Territories.

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Kechika Trough District, BC (zinc, lead, silver)

Akie Property

On August 23, 2005, the Company entered into an agreement with Ecstall Mining Corporation ("Ecstall"), pursuant to which the Company had been granted an option entitling it to earn a 65% interest in Ecstall's Akie property, located in northeastern British Columbia, approximately 260 kilometers north-northwest of the town of Mackenzie.

In consideration, the Company was required to make staged cash payments totalling \$450,000 on or before June 21, 2008 (fully paid as of June 30, 2007) and incur a total of \$4,000,000 in exploration expenditures on or before August 31, 2008 (incurred as of June 30, 2007).

As per the original agreement, the Company was appointed operator of the Akie property until December 31, 2006 and was responsible for managing all work carried out. In return, the Company was paid an operator's fee.

The Company issued 150,000 shares as a finder's fee to a third party as per the terms of the agreement.

The Company acquired 100% of the issued and outstanding shares of Ecstall pursuant to a take-over bid made December 22, 2006, as amended by its Notice of Variation dated January 29, 2007 and Notice of Extension dated February 9, 2007. The conditions of its Offer were satisfied and the Company took up an aggregate of 53,533,615 shares of Ecstall which were validly tendered prior to the February 23, 2007 expiry date. Pursuant to the Offer, the Company issued and distributed to those shareholders who tendered, 0.41 of one share of the Company for each Ecstall share tendered.

The Company exercised its rights pursuant to compulsory acquisition procedures under the British Columbia Business Corporations Act to acquire, for the same consideration as that paid under the Offer, all of the remaining shares of Ecstall that were not tendered to the Offer. The Company now owns 100 % interest in the Akie property.

Akie Property Update

Below is a progress report on exploration activities completed to date on the Akie zinc-lead property.

The primary objectives of the 2008 drill program were to determine both the updip and on-strike extent of the Cardiac Creek Deposit as well as to better define it within key areas. Information gained from this work is assisting in forward planning for future programs that may include advanced underground drilling and sampling activities.

A total of eleven drill holes were completed on the Cardiac Creek zinc-lead-silver deposit during the calendar 2008 field season, for a total of 5,103.15 metres (NQ and HQ core).

Hole A-08-58 yielded an interval of 20.19 metres grading 9.35% zinc +lead (including 8.5 metres grading 11.67% zinc+lead). This intercept indicates that mineralization is still open in an updip direction from this hole. Holes A-08-64 (11.12 metres grading 9.03% zinc+lead) and A-08-66 (which includes 8.23 metres grading 6.96% zinc+lead) tested the southeastern extension of the deposit – these results are highly encouraging as they validate that mineralization remains open in this direction. Hole A-08-65 contains several high grade intervals (including 10.78 metres grading 13.07% zinc+lead) that confirm both the thickness and high grade of the Cardiac Creek deposit to the northwest. The high grade in hole A-08-60A (5.19 metres of 14.00% zinc+lead) supports the interpretation of a high grade core continuing to the northwest direction and highlights the value of some further drilling in this open area. In summary, the drilling completed to date indicates a strike length potentially exceeding 1 kilometer and a dip extent exceeding 550 metres.

In addition, the Company completed construction of 8.72 km of mainline access road and 3.7 km of access trail on the Akie property. These roads have greatly improved access to the Cardiac Creek deposit for future exploration activities.

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Other work over the reporting period involved the completion of a variety of base line studies.

On November 18, 2008, the Company provided the following update on the 2008 exploration activities on the North Lead Anomaly located at the northern end of the Akie property.

Two holes (A-08-62 and A-08-63) were completed to test the downdip and updip extension, approximately 70 metres in each direction, of the massive sulphide mineralization observed in the 1996 Inmet hole. For both of the holes, zinc and lead values, which increase updip, are locally as high as 9.82% and 0.17%, respectively. Of particular interest is the presence of finely banded, pinkish sphalerite in the matrix of the second (updip) 2008 hole. These characteristics are also noted in several holes located at the northern end of the Cardiac Creek deposit. Such debris flows may reflect the presence of an underlying synsedimentary fault zone, a feature that is interpreted as a conduit for metal-bearing hydrothermal fluids.

The summer 2009 program on Akie was focused on detailed geologic mapping in the general vicinity of the North Lead Anomaly. This additional mapping has provided important information on the distribution of geological units in this highly prospective area, including identification of carbonate outcrops which, along with a nearby iron seep, indicate proximity to shale (Gunsteel)-carbonate contact, a key stratigraphic marker horizon. The zinc-lead mineralization in both the Cardiac Creek deposit and the North Lead Anomaly occurs in Gunsteel shale at, or close to, the contact with carbonate rocks.

About the North Lead Anomaly: This feature, located some 2.3 km northwest of the nearest drill hole to penetrate the Cardiac Creek deposit, is considered to be the highest priority target on the Akie property due to the mineralization encountered in a 1996 drill hole (Inmet; 11.60% zinc and 9.05% lead over an interval of 0.80 metre) within a geologic environment identical to that at Cardiac Creek. The mineralization, hosted by Gunsteel shale, is stratigraphically immediately above a debris flow in which the fragments and matrix have been replaced by pyrite, sphalerite and galena. This, combined with the presence of quartz-carbonate alteration in footwall rocks beneath the debris flow and widespread high lead/zinc ratios in samples of the overlying soil, are supportive of the presence of a hydrothermal feeder zone/vent complex in the area. Worldwide, SEDEX mineralizing centers such as this exhibit higher grade mineralization at the transition between the vent complex and the laterally extensive bedded ore facies.

Also during the 2009 field season, a small program of prospecting and silt sampling was carried out in the southeast corner of the Akie property to follow-up a highly anomalous (18,500 ppm zinc, 100 ppm lead) silt sample collected by a previous operator (1978) at the southeast end of the **South Zinc Anomaly** (+2,000 ppm zinc; 200 to 500 metres wide by 2 km long). This work yielded anomalous (to >3,000 ppm) zinc values from silts from four widely spaced creeks in the area, confirming the earlier result. The South Zinc Anomaly, which is underlain by Gunsteel formation/ Pinstripe shale, remains as a high priority exploration target.

Proposed 2010 Exploration Program – Akie Property

The presently planned 2010 exploration campaign will comprise diamond drilling, up to 5,000 metres, to test the possible northwesterly extension of the Cardiac Creek deposit and to further explore the highly prospective North Lead Anomaly, located some 2.2 km to the northwest. In addition, road construction activities may be carried out on the permitted Lower Access route and environmental, geotechnical and archaeological studies may continue in order to collect information necessary to submit an application in late 2010 to the BC Ministry of Energy, Mines and Petroleum Resources for a permit to potentially conduct an underground exploration program on the Cardiac Creek deposit during 2011 and 2012. It is anticipated that work could commence in early June, 2010.

Kechika Regional

In addition to the Akie property, the Company controls a large contiguous group of claims, some 130 km long, which comprise the Kechika Regional project. These claims are underlain by geology identical to that on the Akie property (Cardiac Creek deposit) and Cirque. This project includes the 100% owned Mt. Alcock property, which has yielded a historic drill intercept of 8.8 metres grading 9.3% zinc+lead, numerous zinc-lead-barite occurrences, and several regional base metal anomalies.

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The 2009 Kechika regional program was largely directed towards the Pie, Yuen Extension and Yuen claims that extend northwestward from the Akie Property for a distance of some 30 km. These properties encompass the highly prospective geological package(s) of Middle to Late Devonian fine grained sediments (Gunsteel Formation) and associated carbonate rocks that host both the Company's Cardiac Creek deposit and the nearby Cirque deposits owned by Teck Resources and Korea Zinc. Exploration on the Pie property resulted in identification of two new, significant mineral occurrences and two distinct geochemical targets.

In the western part of the property, in an area on strike from the large Cirque SEDEX zinc-lead deposit (located some 18.5 km to the northwest) and underlain by black shales (Gunsteel formation) similar to those hosting this deposit, prospecting has identified a 70 metre long by 1.5 metre thick occurrence of bedded barite that is associated iron seeps, silicification and a nearby outcrop of laminated pyrite (collectively referred to as the GPS Showing), all features consistent with SEDEX deposits. In addition, approximately 7 km to the northwest, anomalous zinc values have been obtained from a 1 km long cluster of six silt (>3,000ppm), soil (>3,000ppm) and rock samples (>1,000ppm) in a area underlain by the same Gunsteel rocks.

Prospecting in the central part of the Pie property has resulted in discovery of two outcrops, some 75 metres apart, hosting very distinctive veins of coarse grained, medium brown sphalerite, lesser galena, comb-structure quartz crystals, and very large (to +10 cm long) lath-like crystals of white barite within a hard, black, "sugary" siliceous matrix (Black Silica Veins - "Breccia" Showing in previous news releases). Locally, the veins exhibit a breccia texture comprising vuggy, angular fragments, to +6 cm across, of white quartz, carbonate and sphalerite in a similar black matrix. These veins occur within limestone or at the contact between black shales and limestone and range in thickness from 30 cm to +1 metre. Channel sampling (1 metre samples on 7 lines up to 5 metres long and approximately 1 to 2 metres apart) along the strike of the basal part of the vein exposed in the largest of the two outcrops has yielded an average zinc grade of 10.19%, with a little lead (highest individual sample grade – 27.81% zinc, 0.02% lead). Analytical data also indicate that the zinc mineralization is accompanied by copper values, up to 2,172 ppm. This general area of the Pie claims is characterized by the presence of numerous occurrences of galena, sphalerite and/or barite in either carbonate or in the immediate vicinity of the contact between carbonate and black shales. It is possible that the veins could be associated with a nearby, but as yet unrecognized, vent complex or feeder zone.

Soil and rock sampling in an area of extensive iron seeps and gossan development in the eastern part of the Pie property, approximately 4 km to the southeast of the aforementioned black silica veins, has returned highly anomalous values of zinc and other metals, the maximums (minimums) reported being >10,000 ppm (5,718) zinc, 9,711 ppm (1442) nickel, 1,384 ppm (66.3) cobalt, 623 ppm (82.98) molybdenum and >10,000 ppm (2,437) manganese. These oxidized features can be traced for several kilometers; field evidence suggests that the underlying rocks may be limestone, which elsewhere in this area has been noted to host local sphalerite and galena mineralization in veinlets and fractures, or nearby black shales.

Afridi Lake, NWT (diamonds)

DA Properties

The Company beneficially owns an undivided 8.2% interest, subject, in part, to certain royalties and a royalty reduction option dated August 30, 1998, in twenty-four mineral claims and three mineral leases, known collectively as the Afridi Lake Property. The Afridi Lake Property is located southeast of Lac de Gras, some 40 km east of the Diavik Diamond Mine, approximately 335 km northeast of Yellowknife, Northwest Territories. The target mineral being sought on the property is diamond contained in kimberlite. To date, five kimberlite intrusions, with variable, but low diamond content, have been identified on the mineral leases.

On August 1, 2006, the Company entered into a joint venture agreement where by the Company holds 8.2% undivided interest in the mineral claims and three mineral leases, the latter subject to a 10% underlying NPI, a 5% GOR and a 5% NSR. Pursuant to an amended and restated Mineral Property Option Agreement, dated August 30, 1998, the Company has the option to reduce the GOR and NSR interests to 2.25% and 2%, respectively, and eliminate entirely the NPI by completing certain share issuances and cash payments to the original property owner within 90 days of a production

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decision. The other joint venture participants are Shear Minerals Ltd. ("Shear") (58.2%), the project operator, International Samuel Exploration Corp. (25.4%) and New World Resources Inc. (8.2%).

During April and May, 2008, Shear completed 12 holes (1741 m) to test 12 geophysical targets. Kimberlite was encountered in three holes, all of which tested targets in the vicinity of previously identified DA kimberlites.

Summary of exploration expenditures incurred on various properties:

	Akie Property		Kechika Regional		DA		Total	
Acquisition Costs:								
Balance, June 30, 2009	\$	24,173,329	\$ 328,432	\$	71,535	\$	24,573,296	
Additions		2,000	_		_		2,000	
Balance, March 31, 2010		24,175,329	328,432		71,535		24,575,296	
Deferred Exploration Costs:								
Balance, June 30, 2009		25,695,058	702,512		150,025		26,547,595	
Additions:								
Geological consulting		384,575	220,047		_		604,622	
Camp operating		152,648	249,974		_		402,622	
Community consultations		157,134	_		_		157,134	
Environmental studies		101,494	_		_		101,494	
Metallurgical analysis		52,108	_		_		52,108	
Road and transportation		21,958	_		_		21,958	
Less:								
Write-off of camp equipment		(5,843)	_		_		(5,843)	
METC		(921,064)	_		_		(921,064)	
Balance, March 31, 2010		25,638,068	1,172,533		150,025		26,960,626	
March 31, 2010	\$	49,813,397	\$ 1,500,965	\$	221,560	\$	51,535,922	

1.3 Selected Annual Information

The following is a summary of certain financial information concerning the Company for each of the last three most recently completed financial years:

	Years ended			
	2009	2008	2007	
Interest and other income	\$80,256	\$309,987	\$231,342	
Net Loss	(\$1,733,051)	(\$3,151,779)	(\$1,419,576)	
Loss per share	(\$0.02)	(\$0.05)	(\$0.03)	
Total assets	\$57,815,908	\$49,054,558	\$40,564,127	
Total long term liabilities	\$Nil	\$Nil	\$Nil	
Cash dividends declared per				
share for each class of share	\$Nil	\$Nil	\$Nil	

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1.4 Results of Operations

The following is a discussion of the financial condition, changes in financial condition and results of operations of the Company for the nine months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009.

During the period ended March 31, 2010, the Company reported a loss of \$2,511,679 or \$0.03 per share compared to a loss of \$1,840,286 or \$0.02 per share during the same period last year, an increase in loss by \$671,933. The increase in loss was primarily due to significant increases in consulting fees and stock-based compensation during the period. The Company also paid a performance bonus of \$97,750 (2009 - \$Nil) to a company partially controlled by a director and an officer of the Company.

Total interest income during the nine months ended March 31, 2010 was \$22,782 compared to \$48,650 during the same period last year. The decrease in interest income was attributable to considerably lower interest rates on the short-term investments and bank accounts.

Total general and administration expenses increased by \$660,304 due to increases in bank service charges by \$1,030, consulting fees by \$554,225, performance bonus by \$97,750, flow-through taxes by \$41,910, regulatory fees by \$2,835 and stock-based compensation by \$114,486, offset by decreases in investor relations fees by \$22,617, office and miscellaneous fees by \$12,095, professional fees by \$7,568, rent by \$355, transfer agent fees by \$4,453, travel and promotion by \$15,276, and wages and benefits by \$89,303.

The increase in consulting fees by \$554,225 was primarily due to business development consulting services retained during the period. On July 1, 2009, the Company entered into four separate consulting agreements to provide business development consulting services to the Company for a period of six months for an aggregate monthly fee of approximately \$57,021. One of these agreements was renewed on February 1, 2010 for an additional six months for a monthly fee of \$21,675. During the nine months ended March 31, 2010, the Company paid consulting fees of \$385,475 in respect of the above agreements. In addition, the Company also paid \$140,115 in consulting fees related to financial advisory services and business development activities carried out in Europe.

The increase in regulatory fees by \$2,835 was primarily due to higher costs in annual listing fees.

The Company recognizes compensation expense for all stock options granted, using the fair value based method of accounting and any cash paid on the exercise of stock options is added to the stated value of common shares. For the nine months ended March 31, 2010, the Company recorded stock-based compensation expense of \$1,202,730 (2009 - \$1,088,244) on the vested portion of stock options granted to directors, officers and consultants of the Company. The increase in stock-based compensation expense during the period was primarily due to changes in valuation assumptions used to calculate a fair value of stock options granted at varying times, such as stock market prices, volatility of stock prices and risk-free interest rates.

The increase in flow-through taxes of \$41,910 was a result of the Canada Revenue Agency's assessment on flow-through funds related to fiscal years 2006 to 2008.

The decrease in investor relations by \$22,617 during the period was a result of decreased investor relations services.

The decreases in office and miscellaneous fees by \$12,095 and wages and benefits by \$89,303 were due to a reduction of office related expenditures and employees salaries, respectively.

The decrease in professional fees by \$7,568 was a result of decreased legal services.

The decrease in transfer agent fees by \$4,453 was a result of fewer transfer and shareholders services in connection with private placements.

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The decrease in travel and promotion by \$15,276 during the period was a result of fewer travel plans scheduled by management for investors' presentations and conferences, conference registration fees and other related costs.

The Company's consolidated net loss for the nine months ended March 31, 2010, not factoring in non-cash transactions of stock-based compensation expense and amortization of equipment and leasehold improvements, was \$1,300,455 (2009-\$749,126).

1.5 Summary of Quarterly Results

The following is a summary of certain consolidated financial information concerning the Company for each of the last eight reported quarters:

Quarter ended	Interes	Interest Income		et Earnings (Loss)	Earnings (Loss) per share	
March 31, 2010	\$	5,013	\$	(1,233,305)	\$	(0.02)
December 31, 2009		6,907		(827,018)		(0.01)
September 30, 2009		10,862		(451,356)		(0.00)
June 30, 2009		31,606		107,235		0.00
March 31, 2009		12,038		(285,827)		(0.00)
December 31, 2008		8,636		(1,104,200)		(0.01)
September 30, 2008		27,976		(450,259)		(0.01)
June 30, 2008		70,384		884,600		0.01

The June 2009 and 2008 quarters resulted in net earnings due to future income tax recoveries of \$428,130 and \$2,042,411, respectively.

The significant increase in loss for the quarter ended:

- a) December 31, 2008 was due to stock-based compensation expense of \$857,164 recorded on 3,527,500 stock options granted and 1,768,000 previously granted stock options re-priced during the period;
- b) December 31, 2009 was due to stock-based compensation expense of \$313,062 recorded on 2,360,000 stock options granted during the quarter and consulting fees of \$236,812 paid in connection to business development consulting and financial advisory services carried out in Europe and Asia;
- c) March 31, 2010 was due to stock-based compensation expense of \$849,169 recorded on 1,320,000 stock options granted during the period and business development consulting fees of \$145,100.

1.6/1.7 Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company reported a working capital of \$5,283,245 at March 31, 2010 compared to a working capital of \$6,279,367 at June 30, 2009, representing a decrease in working capital by \$996,122. Net cash decreased by \$2,218,576 from \$6,389,394 at June 30, 2009 to \$4,170,818 at March 31, 2010.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2010, the Company utilized its cash and cash equivalents as follows:

- (a) \$1,196,446 was used in operating activities, consisting primarily of general and administrative expenditures and change in non-cash items.
- (b) \$1,372,337 was used for deferred exploration of resource properties and \$375,000 for an investment of 1,875,000 units at a price of \$0.20 per unit of TNR Gold Corp. ("TNR").

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- (c) \$849,500 was generated from the exercise of 3,492,500 stock options at a weighted average price of \$0.24 per share.
- (d) \$124,193 was used for the purchase of 329,000 common shares of the Company at a weighted average price of \$0.38 under the normal course issuer bid commenced on July 31, 2009.

TNR is a diversified junior mining company focused on identifying and exploring existing properties in Argentina and Alaska and new prospective projects globally. TNR now has a total portfolio of 32 projects, of which 16 will be included in the proposed spin-off of International Lithium Corp. Management believes that this strategic investment into TNR and its proposed spin-off subsidiary, International Lithium Corp, will give the Company's shareholders diversification into the growing opportunities that rare metal industries are offering. Furthermore, the investment gives the Company an interest in TNR's stake in the significant Los Azules copper project in Argentina.

During the period ended March 31, 2010, the Company received TSXV approval to purchase at market price up to 4,423,445 of its common shares under the NCIB, which commenced on July 31, 2009. As at May 31, 2010, the Company purchased 408,000 of its common shares for a total consideration of \$158,663 at a weighted average price of \$0.39 per share under the NCIB.

Current assets excluding cash as at March 31, 2010 consisted of receivables of \$29,993, which consisted of GST recoverable of \$14,452 and interest receivable on short-term investments of \$15,541, METC recoverable of \$921,064, marketable securities of \$375,000 and prepaid expenses of \$1,555. Current assets excluding cash as at June 30, 2009 consisted of receivables of \$83,730, which consisted of GST recoverable of \$69,239 and interest receivable of \$14,491, dues from related party of \$50,000, and prepaid expenses of \$693.

The Company applied for the 20% British Columbia Mining Exploration Tax Credit ("METC") and the enhanced tax credit of an additional 10% for Mountain Pine Beetle affected areas, on qualified mining exploration costs incurred by the Company. The CRA approved METC of \$921,064, which was recorded under METC Recoverable with a corresponding reduction in Resource Properties on the consolidated balance sheet as at March 31, 2010.

Current liabilities as at March 31, 2010 consisted of accounts payable and accrued liabilities of \$215,185 (June 30, 2009 - \$241,980) and amounts due to related parties of \$nil (June 30, 2009 - \$2,470).

The other sources of funds potentially available to the Company are through the exercise of outstanding stock options. See Item 1.15 – Other Requirements – Summary of Outstanding Share Data. There can be no assurance, whatsoever, that any or all of these outstanding exercisable securities will be exercised.

The Company has and may continue to have capital requirements in excess of its currently available resources. In the event the Company's plans change, its assumptions change or prove inaccurate, or its capital resources in addition to projected cash flow, if any, prove to be insufficient to fund its future operations, the Company may be required to seek additional financing. Although the Company has been successful in raising the above funds, there can be no assurance that the Company will have sufficient financing to meet its future capital requirements or that additional financing will be available on terms acceptable to the Company in the future.

The Company's overall success will be affected by its current or future business activities. The Company is currently in the process of acquiring and exploring its interests in resource properties and has not yet determined whether these properties contain mineral deposits that are economically recoverable. The continued operations of the Company and the recoverability of expenditures incurred in these resource properties are dependent upon the existence of economically recoverable reserves, securing and maintaining title and beneficial interest in the properties, obtaining necessary financing to explore and develop the properties, and upon future profitable production or proceeds from disposition of the resource properties.

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1.8 Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company does not utilize off-balance sheet arrangements.

1.9 Transactions with Related Parties

During the period ended March 31, 2010,

- (a) the Company paid \$112,500 (2009 \$112,500) for management fees and \$45,000 (2009 \$45,000) for administrative fees to a company partially controlled by a director and an officer of the Company.
- (b) the Company paid or accrued \$72,000 (2009 \$84,000) for consulting and geological services fees, included in resource properties, to a company controlled by a director of the Company. The Company also paid a cash bonus of \$1,500 (2009 \$Nil), included in wages and benefits in the consolidated statements of operations and deficit, to this director.
- (c) the Company paid a cash bonus of \$97,750 (2009 \$Nil) to a company partially controlled by a director and an officer of the Company.

As at March 31, 2010, there were no amounts due to or from directors and officers of the Company. The Company fully repaid a balance of \$2,470 outstanding as at June 30, 2009 for the reimbursement of business expenses and received \$50,000 for a loan repayment from a former director of the Company.

These transactions were in the normal course of operations and were measured at the exchange amount, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

1.10 Fourth Quarter and Subsequent Events

Subsequent to the period ended March 31, 2010,

- (a) 5,750,000 share purchase warrants were exercised by Tongling Nonferrous Metals Group Holdings Co. Ltd. ("Tongling") at a price of \$0.60 per share and 5,750,000 common shares were issued for total proceeds of \$3,450,000. With the exercise of the warrants, Tongling now holds a 17.65% equity position in the Company.
- (b) 300,000 stock options exercisable for a period of five years at a price of \$0.50 were granted to consultants of the Company.
- (c) the Company announced a private placement of 5,000,000 units at a price of \$0.60 per unit for gross proceeds of \$3,000,000. Each unit will consist of one common share and one-half share purchase warrant of the Company. Each whole warrant will entitle the holder to purchase one additional common share at a price of \$0.80 for a period of 18 months from closing. A finder's fee of 7% will be paid on the private placement. The private placement is subject to TSXV approval.

1.11 Proposed Transactions

No disclosure necessary.

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1.12 Critical Accounting Estimates

Not applicable to Venture Issuers.

1.13 Changes in Accounting Policies including Initial Adoption

The financial information presented in this MD&A has been prepared in accordance with Canadian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). Our significant accounting policies are set out in Note 2 of the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company, as at and for the years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008.

Going concern issue

The Company's financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which assumes that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future. The continuing operations of the Company are dependent upon its ability to obtain the necessary financing to meet its ongoing commitments and further its mineral exploration programs.

The Company may encounter difficulty sourcing future financing in light of the recent economic downturn. The current financial equity market conditions and the inhospitable funding environment make it difficult to raise capital through the private placements of shares. The junior resource industry has been severely affected by the world economic situation as it is considered speculative and high-risk in nature, making it even more difficult to fund. While the Company is using its best efforts to achieve its business plans by examining various financing alternatives, there is no assurance that the Company will be successful with any financing ventures.

International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)

In 2006, the Canadian Accounting Standards Board ("AcSB") published a new strategic plan that will significantly affect financial reporting requirements for Canadian companies. As part of that plan, accounting standards in Canada for public companies will converge with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). AcSB announced that 2011 is the changeover date for publicly-listed companies to use IFRS, replacing Canadian GAAP. This date is for interim and annual financial statements relating to fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2011. The transition date of January 1, 2011 will require the restatement for comparative purposes of amounts reported by the Company for the year ended June 30, 2010. In July 2008 AcSB announced that early adoption will be allowed in 2009 subject to seeking exemptive relief. Management plans for conversion include internal training, external consulting on complex issues and Board and Audit Committee oversight. The Company continues to monitor and assess the impact of convergence of Canadian GAAP and IFRS.

1.14 Financial Instruments and Other Instruments

Please see Note 11 of the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company, as at and for the years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008.

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1.15 Other Requirements

Summary of outstanding share data as at May 31, 2010:

(1) Authorized: Unlimited common shares without par value

Issued and outstanding: 97,711,414

(2) Stock options outstanding: 7,225,500

Additional disclosures pertaining to the Company's technical report, management information circulars, material change reports, press releases and other information are available on the SEDAR website at www.sedar.com.

On behalf of the Board of Directors, thank you for your continued support.

"Peeyush Varshney"

Peeyush Varshney Director May 31, 2010